

Species	Common Name	Special-Status	Wetland Rank	Weed Rank
<b>FERNS</b>				
<b>POLYPODIACEAE – POLYPODY FAMILY</b>				
<i>Polypodium hesperium</i>	western polypody			
<b>PTERIDACEAE – BRAKE FAMILY</b>				
<i>Adiantum jordanii</i>	California maidenhair		FAC	
<i>Pellaea mucronata var. mucronata</i>	bird's-foot fern			
<i>Pentagramma triangularis</i>	goldback fern			
<b>GYMNOSPERMS</b>				
<b>PINACEAE – PINE FAMILY</b>				
<i>Pinus sabiniana</i>	ghost pine			
<b>MAGNOLIIDS</b>				
<b>LAURACEAE – LAUREL FAMILY</b>				
<i>Umbellularia californica</i>	California bay		FAC	
<b>EUDICOTS</b>				
<b>ANACARDIACEAE – SUMAC FAMILY</b>				
<i>Toxicodendron diversilobum</i>	western poison oak		FACU	
<b>APIACEAE – CARROT FAMILY</b>				
<i>Torilis arvensis*</i>	tall sock-destroyer			Moderate
<b>ASTERACEAE – SUNFLOWER FAMILY</b>				
<i>Eriophyllum lanatum var. grandiflorum</i>	large-flowered common woolly sunflower			
<i>Hypochaeris glabra*</i>	smooth cat's-ear			Limited
<i>Madia elegans</i>	common madia			
<i>Madia gracilis</i>	gumweed			
<i>Sonchus asper ssp. asper*</i>	prickly sow thistle		FAC	
<i>Uropappus lindleyi</i>	Lindley's silverpuffs			
<i>Wyethia angustifolia</i>	narrow-leaved mule's ears		FACU	
<b>BORAGINACEAE – BORAGE FAMILY</b>				
<i>Phacelia cicutaria var. cicutaria</i>	cicuta-leaved phacelia			
<i>Plagiobothrys fulvus var. campestris</i>	field popcornflower			
<b>BRASSICACEAE – MUSTARD FAMILY</b>				
<i>Thysanocarpus laciniatus</i>	cut-leaved fringedpod			
<b>CRASSULACEAE – STONECROP FAMILY</b>				
<i>Dudleya cymosa ssp. cymosa</i>	cyme-bearing dudleya			
<b>FABACEAE – LEGUME FAMILY</b>				
<i>Lupinus bicolor</i>	miniature lupine			
<i>Trifolium hirtum*</i>	rose clover			Moderate

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<b>FAGACEAE – OAK FAMILY</b>				
<i>Quercus douglasii</i>	blue oak			
<i>Quercus wislizeni</i> var. <i>wislizeni</i>	interior live oak			
<b>GERANIACEAE – GERANIUM FAMILY</b>				
<i>Geranium dissectum</i> *	dissected geranium			Moderate
<b>LINACEAE – FLAX FAMILY</b>				
<i>Linum bienne</i> *	bi-annual flax			
<b>MORACEAE – MULBERRY FAMILY</b>				
<i>Ficus carica</i> *	edible fig		FACU	Moderate
<b>ONAGRACEAE – EVENING PRIMROSE FAMILY</b>				
<i>Clarkia unguiculata</i>	elegant clarkia			
<i>Epilobium canum</i> ssp. <i>canum</i>	California fuchsia			
<b>PAPAVERACEAE – POPPY FAMILY</b>				
<i>Eschscholzia lobbii</i>	Lobb's poppy			
<b>PHRYMACEAE – LOPSEED FAMILY</b>				
<i>Diplacus grandiflorus</i>	large-flowered orange monkeyflower		FACU	
<i>Erythranthe guttata</i>	red-dotted monkeyflower		OBL	
<b>POLEMONIACEAE – PHLOX FAMILY</b>				
<i>Gilia capitata</i> ssp. <i>mediomontana</i>	middle mountain bluehead gilia			
<b>POLYGONACEAE – BUCKWHEAT FAMILY</b>				
<i>Pterostegia drymarioides</i>	drymaria-like pterostegia			
<b>RANUNCULACEAE – BUTTERCUP FAMILY</b>				
<i>Delphinium</i> cf. <i>hansenii</i> ssp. <i>hansenii</i>	Hansen's larkspur			
<b>RUBIACEAE – COFFEE FAMILY</b>				
<i>Galium murale</i> *	tiny bedstraw			
<b>SAPINDACEAE – SOAPBERRY FAMILY</b>				
<i>Aesculus californica</i>	California buckeye			
<b>MONOCOTS</b>				
<b>ALLIACEAE – ONION FAMILY</b>				
<i>Allium peninsulare</i> var. <i>peninsulare</i>	peninsular onion			
<b>IRIDACEAE – IRIS FAMILY</b>				
<i>Sisyrinchium bellum</i>	beautiful blue-eyed-grass		FACW	
<b>POACEAE – GRASS FAMILY</b>				
<i>Avena fatua</i> *	wild oat			Moderate
<i>Brachypodium distachyon</i> *	two-corn false brome			Moderate
<i>Bromus diandrus</i> *	ripgut grass			Moderate
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i> *	soft chess		FACU	Limited
<i>Bromus rubens</i> *	red brome			High
<i>Cynosurus echinatus</i> *	bristly dogtail grass			Moderate

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<i>Melica imperfecta</i>	flawed onion grass			
<b>THEMIDACEAE – BRODIAEA FAMILY</b>				
<i>Dichelostemma multiflorum</i>	wild hyacinth			

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## Legend

### **Symbols:**

\* Non-native species

cf. confer: This designation is used when a species or infraspecific taxon cannot be confirmed, but is believed to be the selected species of infraspecific taxon based on available anatomy

### **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Rank:**

OBL Wetland-dependent plants that require standing water or seasonally saturated soils near the surface.

FACW Plants dependent on and predominantly occur with hydric soils, standing water, or seasonally high water tables in wet habitats.

FAC These plants can occur in wetlands or non-wetlands. They can grow in hydric, mesic, or xeric habitats.

FACU Plants that are not wetland dependent. They are non-wetland plants by habitat preference.

None Plants are upland plants and do not occur in wetlands.

### **California Invasive Plant Council Rank:**

High These species have severe ecological impacts on the surrounding habitat. They have moderate to high rates of dispersal and establishment, and most are widely distributed.

Moderate These species have substantial and apparent—but generally not severe—ecological impacts on the surrounding habitat. They have moderate to high rates of dispersal.

Distribution may range from limited to widespread.

Limited These species are invasive, but their ecological impacts are minor on a statewide level. They have low to moderate rates of colonization. Although their distribution is generally limited, these species may be locally persistent and problematic.